

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying governmental activities and General Fund of the Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a component unit of the City of Palm Bay, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the CRA, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the CRA, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
(Continued)

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
(Concluded)

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2024, on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida
July 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), we offer readers of the CRA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the CRA's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements. The CRA's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the CRA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CRA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Also, capital assets are capitalized and depreciated on the statement of net position whereas related purchases are expended on government fund financial statements.

General Fund. The General Fund is used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the General Fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the General Fund is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the General Fund with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the General Fund balance sheet and the General Fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between General Fund and governmental activities.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information. The CRA adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the CRA, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,775,974 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This compares with \$7,314,502 at the close of the previous fiscal year, an increase of \$461,473. Cash and investments increased \$1,191,028 due to CRA's proportionate share of incremental tax revenue and return of investments. Capital Assets decreased due to depreciation.

	Net Position	
	2023	2022
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,663,766	\$ 1,472,738
Capital assets	5,112,208	5,841,815
Total assets	7,775,974	7,314,553
Liabilities		
Short-term Liabilities	-	51
Long-term Liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	-	51
Net position:		
Net invested in capital assets	5,112,208	5,841,815
Restricted	2,663,766	1,472,687
Total net position	\$ 7,775,974	\$ 7,314,502

Governmental Activities. The components are as follows: Governmental activities increased the CRA's net position by \$461,473 in fiscal year 2023. Higher assessed property values offset with a decrease in the City's operating millage rate provided for a larger revenue source over FY22. CRA's revenues reflect the sale of 1 vacant lot on Orange Blossom Trail, Palm Bay which the City and CRA owned jointly. Conversely, based on an October 2019 interlocal agreement with the City of Palm Bay, CRA returned \$470,376 of unexpended funds to Brevard County Board of County Commissioners.

	Changes in Net Position	
	2023	2022
General revenues:		
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,394,530	\$ 1,637,391
Investment income	138,224	14,057
Total general revenues	<u>2,532,754</u>	<u>1,651,448</u>
Expenditures/Expenses:		
General government	1,481,445	1,978,673
Interest on long-term debt	-	7,167
Loss from sale of capital	370,088	195,183
Depreciation	219,749	219,749
Total expenses	<u>2,071,282</u>	<u>2,400,772</u>
Change in net position	461,472	(749,324)
Net position – beginning	<u>7,314,502</u>	<u>8,063,826</u>
Net position – ending	<u>\$ 7,775,974</u>	<u>\$ 7,314,502</u>

Financial Analysis of the General Fund

As noted earlier, the CRA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The purpose of the CRA’s governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CRA’s financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measurement of a government’s net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The only difference between General Fund operations and governmental activities is the accounting presentation for capital outlay and long-term debt. Capital outlay is accounted for as an expenditure in the General Fund and, to the extent it relates to capital asset additions, is replaced by depreciation expense on the statement of activities. Principal payments are accounted for as an expenditure in the General Fund and is a reduction of the outstanding liability on the statement of net position.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The variance between the final budget and actual operating expenditure was due to unfulfilled developer contractual agreements that will be appropriated in FY24.

Capital Asset Administration

The CRA's net investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2023, amounts to \$5,112,208, a decrease of \$729,607. Additional information on the CRA's capital assets can be found in Note 4 *Capital Assets* in the footnote section of this report.

	Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	
	2023	2022
Land	\$ 493,481	\$ 1,003,338
Infrastructure	4,618,727	4,838,477
Total	\$ 5,112,208	\$ 5,841,815

Economic Factors and Conditions

Median home prices decreased approximately 1.14% from the previous year, which is in keeping with the local real estate market for Central Florida. The City is comparable to other cities in Brevard County with a taxable property value increase in FY23 of 11%, which continue into 2024.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the CRA's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 120 Malabar Road SE., Palm Bay, FL 32907.

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2023

	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 326,130	\$ -	\$ 326,130
Investments	2,337,636	-	2,337,636
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable	-	493,481	493,481
Depreciable, net	-	4,618,727	4,618,727
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,663,766</u>	<u>5,112,208</u>	<u>7,775,974</u>
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION			
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	\$ -	-	-
Restricted	2,663,766	(2,663,766)	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>2,663,766</u>	<u>(2,663,766)</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 2,663,766</u>		
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		5,112,208	5,112,208
Restricted		2,663,766	2,663,766
TOTAL NET POSITION		<u>\$ 7,775,974</u>	<u>\$ 7,775,974</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Activities
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,394,530	\$ -	\$ 2,394,530
Investment income	138,224	-	138,224
	<u>2,532,754</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,532,754</u>
TOTAL REVENUES			
	<u>2,532,754</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,532,754</u>
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES			
Current			
Economic environment	1,481,444	-	1,481,444
Capital improvements			
Depreciation	-	219,749	219,749
	<u>1,481,444</u>	<u>219,749</u>	<u>1,701,193</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES			
	<u>1,481,444</u>	<u>219,749</u>	<u>1,701,193</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>1,051,310</u>	<u>(1,051,310)</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Proceeds/loss from sale of capital assets	139,768	(509,857)	(370,089)
	<u>139,768</u>	<u>(509,857)</u>	<u>(370,089)</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
	<u>139,768</u>	<u>(509,857)</u>	<u>(370,089)</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION	1,191,078	(729,606)	461,472
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION			
Beginning of the year	1,472,687	5,841,815	7,314,502
	<u>1,472,687</u>	<u>5,841,815</u>	<u>7,314,502</u>
End of the year	<u>\$ 2,663,766</u>	<u>\$ 5,112,208</u>	<u>\$ 7,775,974</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Community Redevelopment Agency (the “CRA”) is a blended component unit of the City of Palm Bay, Florida (the “City”). The City Council appoints an advisory board to administer the activities. The seven-member governing board of the CRA consists of five members of the City Council and two additional At-Large commissioners appointed by the City Council in accordance with section 52.002, City of Palm Bay Code of Ordinances and section 163.357(1) (c), Florida Statutes.

The CRA was created pursuant to Section 163.356, Florida Statutes, through ordinances passed by the City and Brevard County. It was created by City Resolution 95-72, dated December 12, 1995. Its primary activities include the rehabilitation, conservation, or redevelopment of slum or blighted areas within the City. The City provides accounting and administrative support to the CRA without charge; the CRA does not have personnel or administrative facilities.

Pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, the CRA is funded primarily by incremental ad valorem tax revenues levied and remitted in amounts proportionate to property tax values for each participating entity. The CRA is economically dependent on such revenue.

The accounting policies of the CRA conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

These financial statements present the financial position and results of operations controlled by or dependent upon the CRA. In evaluating the CRA as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the CRA may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable in the CRA’s financial statements. No component units exist which would require inclusion in the CRA’s financial statements.

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*Continued*)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The CRA has only governmental activities and only one function, and, as such, it is eligible for special-purpose financial statement presentation; accordingly, the government-wide financial statements are presented together with the governmental fund financial statements, described below, with an adjustment column presented to reconcile the two sets of statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - The CRA has one governmental fund type, which is the General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for all resources and operations. Governmental funds are accounted for on a “spending” or “financial flow” measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the CRA considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 65 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period and are recognized as revenue when the amount is received with the availability period which is limited to 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the CRA’s policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When both assigned and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the CRA’s policy to use assigned resources first, then unassigned resources, as they are needed.

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Budgets and the Budgetary Process

The CRA's Board adopts an annual operating budget, which can be amended by the Board throughout the year.

At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted amounts; however, with proper approval by the Board, budgetary transfers between line items can be made.

The accompanying Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual for the General Fund reflects the original and final budget authorization amounts, which includes all amendments. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

The CRA's management cannot amend or transfer appropriations.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the CRA's budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis.

Pooled Cash and Equivalents and Investments

Cash reported in the financial statements includes interest-bearing, demand accounts and certificates of deposits stated at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased in the General Fund are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. It is the policy of the CRA to capitalize property and equipment over \$5,000 with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Lesser amounts are expensed. The CRA does not have donated fixed assets.

Depreciation has been recorded over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	15-20

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance

The CRA has classified governmental fund balances as follows:

- Restricted Fund Balance – includes items that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or restricted by legal constitutional provisions.

Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Adjustments were made to include capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) and long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. This resulted in a net difference between the ending General Fund balances and the total net position of \$5,112,208.

Total fund balance	\$ 2,663,766
Capital assets, net	<u>5,112,208</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,775,974</u>

Adjustments were made to include depreciation expense, eliminate capital outlay expenditures, and repayment of debt principal, on the statement of activities. This resulted in a net difference between “change in fund balance” and “change in net position” of \$729,606.

Change in fund balance	\$ 1,191,078
Less: Cost basis of capital assets sold	(509,857)
Less: Depreciation expense	<u>(219,749)</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 461,472</u>

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - POOLED CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The CRA's pooled cash and equivalents account is combined with the pooled cash of the City. The City's cash accounts consist of interest-bearing, demand accounts and certificates of deposit, all of which were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a multiple financial institution collateral pool pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. This Act requires that the City maintain deposits only in "qualified public depositories." All qualified public depositories must deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral in such amounts as required by the Act. In addition, qualified public depositories are required under the Act to assume mutual responsibility against loss caused by the default or insolvency of other qualified public depositories of the same type. Should a default or insolvency occur, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the City.

Investments

The CRA participates in the pooled cash and investments of the City. Investments are carried at fair value as defined in GASB Statement 72 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Consistent with GASBC Section 150: *Investments*, the City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The fair value amounts, presented in the following table, are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statement of net position.

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 326,130
Investments	<u>2,337,636</u>
	<u>\$ 2,663,766</u>

The CRA does not manage its own investments. It is a portion of the City's overall pooled investments; refer to Note 3 *Deposits and Investments* in the City of Palm Bay Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for further information on the City's disclosures for interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the CRA's capital assets during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

	Balance October 1, 2022	Additions and Transfers	Deletions and Transfers	Balance September 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Land	\$ 1,003,338	\$ -	\$ (509,857)	\$ 493,481
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,003,338	-	(509,857)	493,481
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	6,971,444	-	-	6,971,444
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,132,967)	(219,749)	-	(2,352,717)
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,838,477	(219,749)	-	4,618,727
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 5,841,815</u>	<u>\$ (219,749)</u>	<u>\$ (509,857)</u>	<u>\$ 5,112,208</u>

Depreciation expense amounted to \$219,749 during fiscal year 2023, which is included on the statement of activities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
GENERAL FUND				
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,275,404	\$ 2,394,530	\$ 2,394,530	\$ -
Investment income	-	2,500	138,224	135,724
Miscellaneous revenues	2,500	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>2,277,904</u>	<u>2,397,030</u>	<u>2,532,754</u>	<u>135,724</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Economic environment	2,277,904	1,961,861	1,481,444	480,417
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>2,277,904</u>	<u>1,961,861</u>	<u>1,481,444</u>	<u>480,417</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	435,169	1,051,310	616,141
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	139,769	139,769	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>139,769</u>	<u>139,769</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 574,938</u>	<u>1,191,079</u>	<u>\$ 616,141</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			<u>1,472,687</u>	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING			<u>\$ 2,663,766</u>	

Note: This schedule is prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pursuant to provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, we reported certain matters to management of the CRA in a separate management letter and Independent Accountant's Report dated July 29, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida
July 29, 2024



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

We have examined the Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency's (the "CRA") compliance with the requirements of Sections 163.387(6) and (7) and 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the CRA's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the CRA's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida
July 29, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Bayfront Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2024.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated July 29, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

To the Board of Commissioners
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

Financial Condition

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.38(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Specific information of the CRA, a dependent district of the City of Palm Bay, Florida, that is required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.544(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, is reported in the City of Palm Bay's management letter for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the CRA Board Members, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida
July 29, 2024